

## Quantitative Method of Risk Assessment for Asset Management Programs





## Reactive vs. Proactive Risk and Resilience (RnR) Approach

## Reactive (ER)

#### RnR for FHWA Emergency Relief (ER)

- Risk-based B/C analysis for betterment justification & funding
- Quantitative analysis
- Only allowed to include owner consequences (agency) by ER rules

#### **Past and Current Projects:**

- CDOT: 2013 Floods
  Approved by CO FHWA Division Office
- CDOT: 2013 Rockfall Events
- Iowa DOT: March and June 2018 Floods

### Proactive (AM)

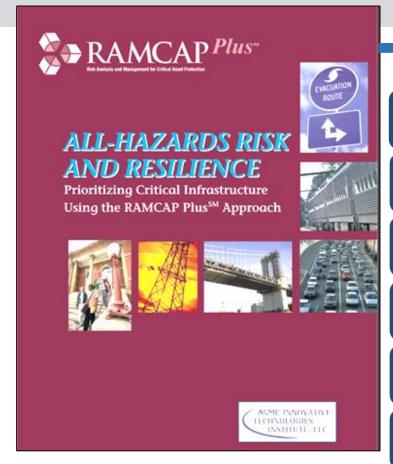
#### RnR for Highways for Asset Management

- Derived from RAMCAP Plus<sup>SM</sup> (Risk
   Analysis and Management for Critical
   Asset Protection), ASME Industry Standard
- Systematic, quantitative and probabilistic analysis at the asset level
- May include multiple types of consequences: owner (agency), user (drivers), etc.

#### **Past and Current Projects:**

- CDOT I-70 Pilots
- UDOT I-15 and US-40 Pilots
- CDOT Development of RnR Standard Procedure
- CDOT Debris Flow Post-Fire RnR Analysis

## RAMCAP Plus - R&R for Highways



1. Asset Characterization

• What assets exist, which are critical, and what should be considered?

- 2. Threat Characterization
- What threats and hazards should be considered?

3. Consequence Analysis

• What happens to assets if a threat or hazard occurs? What are the expected asset losses, economic impacts, injuries, and lives lost?

4. Vulnerability Analysis

• What are the asset vulnerabilities that would allow a threat or hazard to result in expected consequences? How vulnerable is the asset to the identified threat?

5. Threat Assessment

- What is the likelihood of the identified threat?
- 6. Risk/Resilience Assessment
- What is the anticipated asset total risk and resilience?
- Risk= Consequences x Vulnerability x Threat
- Resilience= Service Outage x Vulnerability x Threat
- 7. Risk/Resilience Management
- What options are there to reduce risk and increase resilience? What is the risk reduction? What is the economic analysis of mitigation alternatives?





## Step 3. Consequences

- Currently RnR Process includes the following consequences:
  - Owner or Agency Consequences (Asset Losses/Replacement Cost)
  - User Consequences (Travel Delay and Costs)
- Other possible consequences that could be included:
  - Safety
  - Economic
  - Environmental





## Step 4. Vulnerability Assessment

- Estimation of the probability of an asset to experience certain damage or failure
- Based on asset characteristics such as condition, material, design, etc.
  and event magnitudes







## Step 6. Risk & Resilience Assessment: Risk Assessment

## Risk (R) C X V X T

Risk (R) (\$)

→ Level of operational uncertainty in a threat-filled environment

Consequence (C) (\$)

→ Result of damage or failure

Vulnerability (V) (%)

→ Susceptibility to the threat

Threat Likelihood (T) (%)  $\rightarrow$  Potential of threat occurrence in any given year







## Step 6. Risk & Resilience Assessment Resilience Assessment (Resilience Index-RI)

#### CRITICALITY MODEL

#### RESOURCEFULNESS

Measured as County and Community Response (SoVI)

#### **REDUNDANCY**

Measured as the alternative roadways on the network

#### **ROBUSTNESS**

Measured by asset or network vulnerability

#### **RAPIDITY**

Measured as the potential closure days due to disruption

**RISK MODEL** 



## Step 7. Risk Management

Process of evaluating the baseline (risks currently faced by the critical assets) and deciding what, if anything, to do about it

Risk to the Asset

- ✓ Lower the risk
- ✓ Transfer the risk

**Agency Risk Tolerance** 

Risk to the Asset

- ✓ Too expensive to lower or transfer
- ✓ Live with the risk



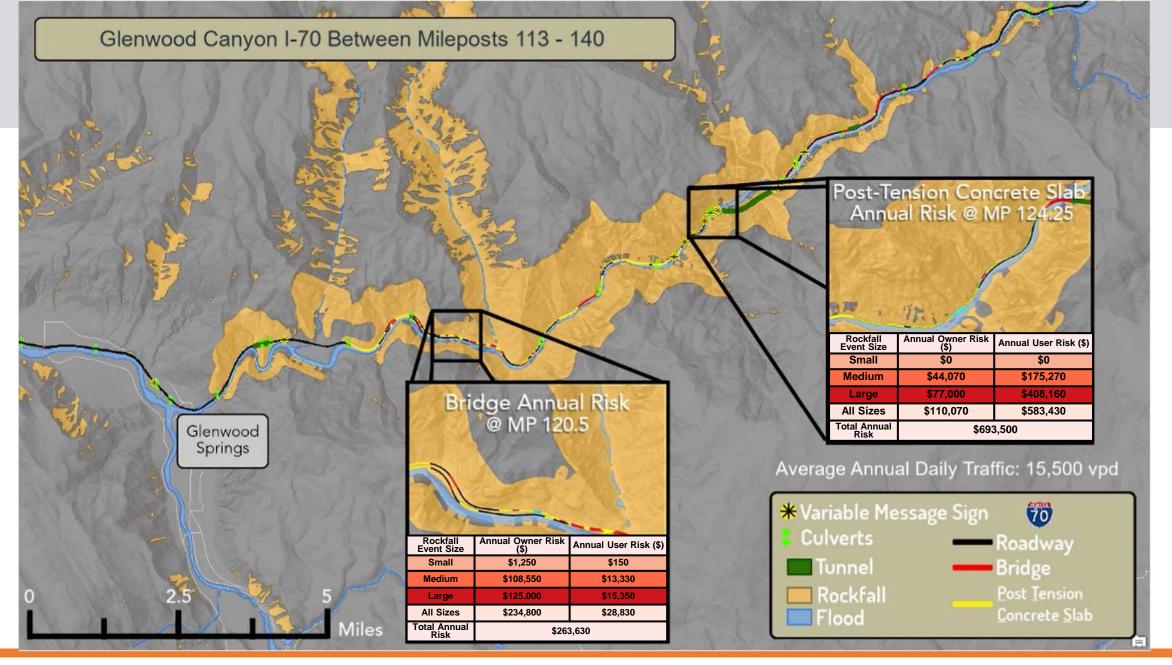


# Examples of RnR for Asset Management Applications

CDOT I-70 Rockfall & Flood



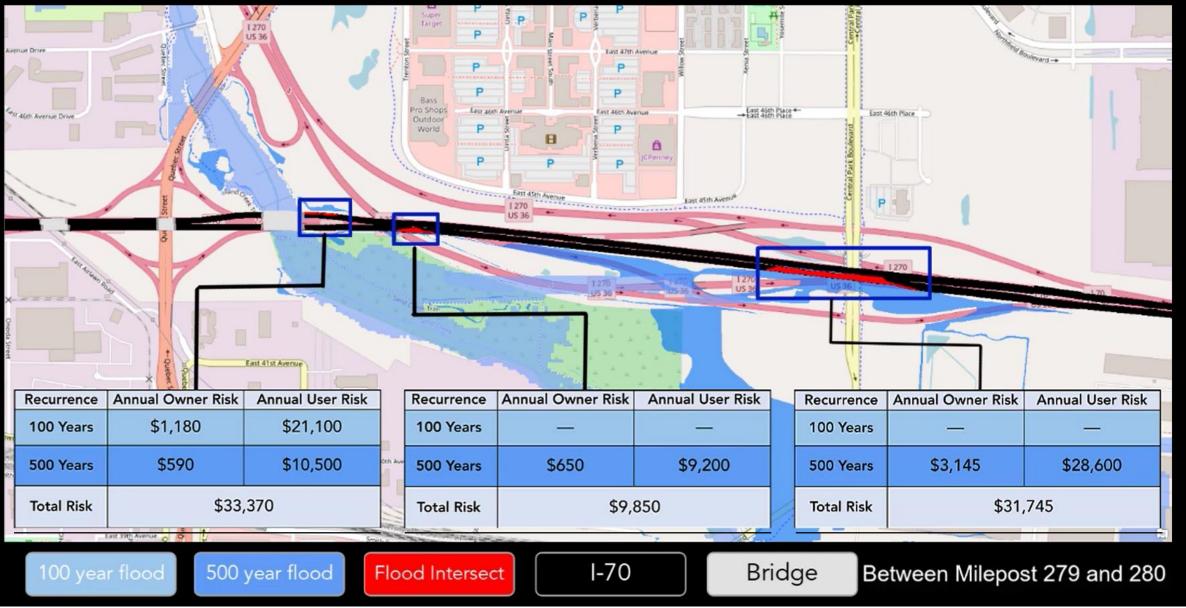








## Flooding in eastern Denver on I-70







## B/C Analysis: Non-NBI Culvert - Flood

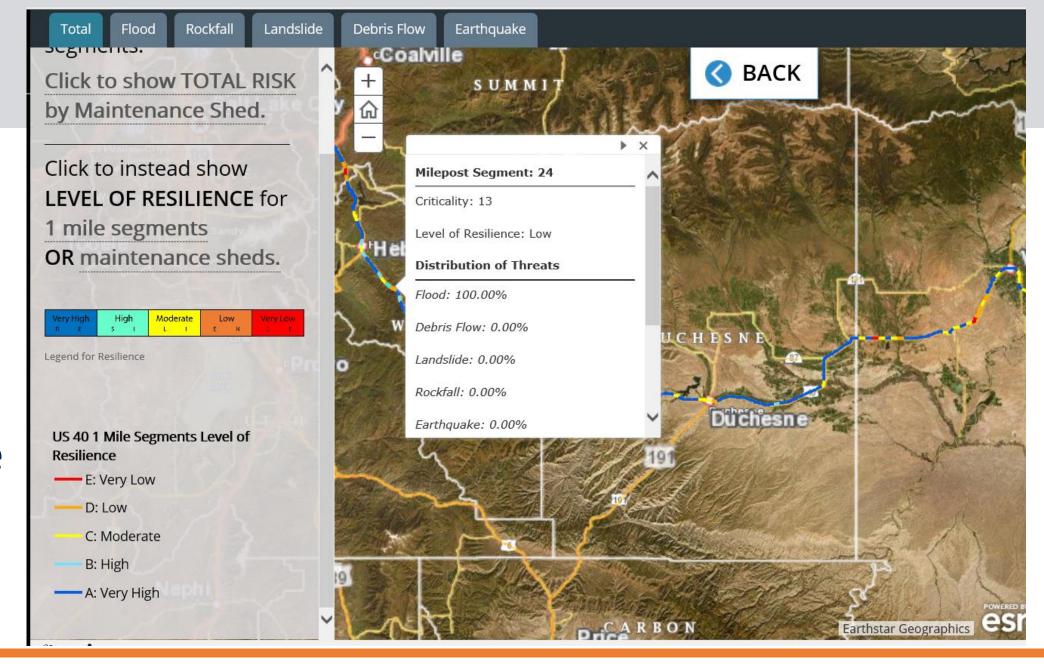


Culverts	Site Annual	Site Annual	Site Annual
Characteristics	Owner Risk	User Risk	Total Risk
54" CMPs 100 cfs (<25-yr)	\$9,880	\$1,315,270	\$1,325,150

Mitigation Options	B/C Owner Risk	B/C Total Risk
<b>Option 1</b> 72" concrete pipe	0.17	35.6
<b>Option 2</b> 8' x 8' CBCs	0.14	23.4

## UDOT Corridor Planning

Including Resilience







## Story Map - UDOT

https://uplan.maps.arcgis.com/apps/MapJournal/index.html?appid=1c 3708f465c94780a3008d22838ee153

## Benefits of a Quantitative Assessment

- Simple to incorporate findings into traditional engineering economic assessment
  - Benefit cost assessment
  - Life cycle cost analysis
- Quantitative annual financial risk easy for decision makers to interpret
- Risk assessment can be integrated with required performance measures to forecast performance including:
  - Travel time reliability
  - Safety
  - Freight travel time reliability
  - Infrastructure health

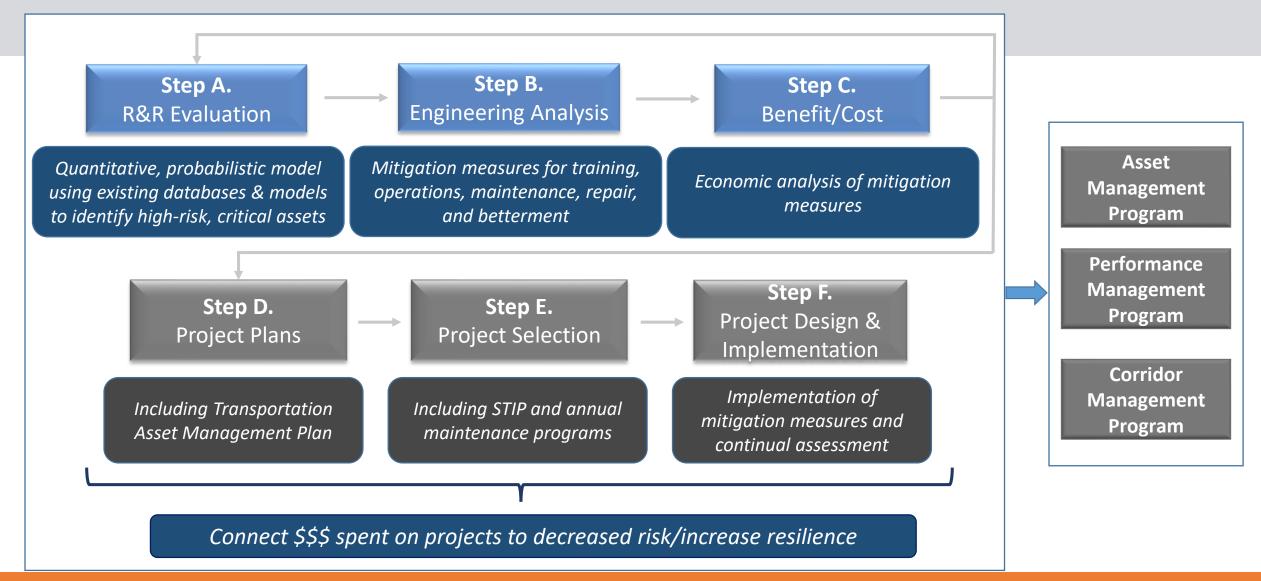




## Findings from Asset Management Pilots

- Both DOTs identified multiple program areas for use of RnR data
  - Operational planning
  - Asset management
  - Maintenance prioritization
  - Planning Environmental Linkage studies (PEL)
  - Design
- Both DOTs currently expanding analysis to NHS facilities for inclusion in next edition of Risk Based Asset Management Plans

## R&R for Highways → Risk-Based Asset Management



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## Resilience Research and Pilots

- CDOT Emergency Relief (ER) Risk-Based B/C Analysis (2014-present)
- CDOT Risk and Resilience Pilot for I-70 corridor (2016-2017)
- CDOT RnR User Guide for FHWA (2016-present)
- UDOT Risk and Resilience Pilot for I-15 corridor (2016-present)
- TRB Journal Publications (2015, 2017, 2018)
- NCHRP Synthesis Topic 48-13: Resilience in Transportation Planning, Engineering, Management, Policy, and Administration (In Publication)
- UDOT Extreme Weather and Durability Project (2018-2019)
- CDOT Risk and Resilience Standard Analysis Project (2018-2019)
- Iowa DOT Emergency Relief (ER) Risk Based B/C Analysis (2019-present)

